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Frank Starr

Secret Memos Offer Little Against Nixon





most damaging passages were largely -misses the point. ignored.

policy decisions.

The accounts of three consecutive Delhi, proved:

- o That as the India-Pakistan fighting went into high gear, the President's sympathies tilted heavily in favor of Pakistan.
- That despite the United States' official statement of neutrality, this tilt was deliberately reflected in statements and actions mapped out by U. S. policy- the truth. makers.
- o That when decisions were considered regarding U.S. policy vis-a-vis India and Pakistan, consideration also was given to what the public should be
- That in order to assist the U.S. ally in the conflict, someone went so far as to suggest a quiet, elandestine supply of arms, despite an official em- "very quietly." bargo.

Now, whether one accepts and agrees On the Plus Side . . . with those situations or not, all of them, with the possible exception of the last, out excusing them, the balance sheet tack on Pakistan. should be no surprise to anyone who shows some interesting pluses, altho reads newspapers regularly.

Missing the Point

The secret memos were uncovered by

that inexplicably is being held back, the His objective in printing them — to ing situation, there was a calm and secret memos on policy discussions dur- compare the tilt against India with a intelligent discussion aimed at considing the India-Pakistan war make one public denial by Kissinger that the ad- cration of all the pertinent circumwonder why Nixon critics felt compelled ministration was anti-Indian and thus stances, with Kissinger asking all the to publish them, particularly when the prove that the administration was lying right questions.

This reporter was only one of many In a quiet period, they provided some- who at the time noted that the United thing readable for those who have little States' preclaimed neutrality had been else to do and who are entertained by abandoned in favor of Pakistan. That the character of discussion that lead to was no secret, but that was and is a far ery from being "anti-Indian."

The most damaging content of the meetings of the Washington special documents marked "Secret-Sensitive" action group held in the White House was not in the oft-quoted comment that Situation Room, plus the memo filed by Kissinger was "getting hell every half Ambassador Kenneth Keating from New hour from the President' but in the discussions of what the public should be told about aid decisions.

> Kissinger, when asked how to explain the withholding of aid to India, responded: "If asked, we can say we are reviewing our whole economic program and that the granting of fresh aid is being suspended in view of conditions accuracy in its assessment and preon the subcontinent." That was hardly

On possible Pakistani requests for • That the policymakers were guided military equipment, blocked by legisand led by the President's chief foreign lative decision, Kissinger said the Presiaffairs adviser, Henry Kissinger, not the dent "may want to honor those re-

> er Tieker column will be resumed when a treaty last summer. he returns.

assistant secretary of defense, and Joseph Siseo, assistant secretary of state, agreed to study what might be done. Siseo warned that it must be done

not ones that need be particularly surprising-only somewhat reassuring:

STATINTL

- WASHINGTON-Unless there is more syndicated columnist Jack Anderson. That in seeking to assess a develop
 - o That the group recognized in advance that the United Nations' effort to block military action was likely to be futile but it must be attempted, and that the fall of East Pakistan was a question only of days.
 - That consideration was given early to the problem of the diplomatic position Washington would take with regard to the new nation of Bangla Desh.
 - O That consideration was given to the possibility of a bloodbath in Bangla Desh following the war and to ways in which it could be avoided.
 - O That, as in the case of the Pentagon Papers' revelations on Viet Nam, the CIA displayed an astonishing degree of dictions.

As the blocking of diplomatic action in the U.N. Iong enough for a strong military position to be established was foreseen, so also was the outcome of the war.

But there is nothing yet to support secretary of state, William P. Rogers, quests," and David Paekard, then Anderson's charge that the government policy drove India into the arms of the Bob Wiedrich is on vacation. His Tow- Soviet Union, with which it had signed

> The Indian decision to upgrade its diplomatie relations with Hanoi and the U. S. deeision, announced a day earlier, to develop a regular naval presence in the Indian Ocean are concrete signs of an unfavorable shift in U. S.-India rela-

But it is far too simple to suggest that all of this results only from Nixon's With those minuses in mind and with- righteous indignation at the Indian at-

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